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City Clerk's Office

Secretariat City Hall, 2nd Floor, West 100 Queen Street West Toronto, Ontario M5H 2N2

Tel: 416-392-7033 Fax: 416-392-2980 Email: hertpb@toronto.ca Web: www.toronto.ca

RECEIVED 2022/08/18 (YYYY/MM/DD) Ontario Heritage Trust

IN THE MATTER OF THE ONTARIO HERITAGE ACT R.S.O. 1990, CHAPTER O.18 AND CITY OF TORONTO, PROVINCE OF ONTARIO 1702 QUEEN STREET EAST

NOTICE OF PASSING OF DESIGNATION BY-LAW 943-2022

Ontario Heritage Trust 10 Adelaide Street East Toronto, ON M5C 1J3 registrar@heritagetrust.on.ca

TAKE NOTICE that Council for the City of Toronto passed Designation By-law 943-2022 on July 19, 20, 21 and 22, 2022, which designates the lands, buildings and structures known municipally as 1702 Queen Street East, under Part IV, Section 29 of the Ontario Heritage Act, R.S.O. 1990, c.O.18, as amended, as a property of cultural heritage value or interest.

This notice is being served to the Owner of the Property, the Ontario Heritage Trust, and any Objectors and Interested Persons.

The City Clerk did not receive any objections to the Notice of Intention to Designate the Property. Therefore, City Council did not consider any objections and passed the Designation By-law for the Property.

IF YOU WISH TO APPEAL TO THE ONTARIO LAND TRIBUNAL:

Take notice that an appeal of the Designation by-law for the Property by those persons permitted to appeal under section 29 of the Ontario Heritage Act may be made by filing a notice of appeal with the City Clerk, Attention: Administrator, Secretariat, City Clerk's Office, Toronto City Hall, 2nd Floor West, 100 Queen Street West, Toronto, Ontario, M5H 2N2; Email: hertpb@toronto.ca within thirty days of August 18, 2022, which is September 19, 2022.

A Notice of Appeal must:

- (1) set out the reasons for the objection to the designation by-law; and
- (2) set out the reasons in support of the objection to the designation by-law. If you wish to appeal to the Ontario Land Tribunal (OLT), forms are available from the Ontario Land Tribunal website at https://olt.gov.on.ca.

Who Can File An Appeal:

Any persons who object to the designation by-law may refer the matter to the Ontario Land Tribunal.

Getting Additional Information:

A copy of the by-law and background information about the application is available for public inspection by contacting Heritage Planning staff at heritageplanning@toronto.ca.

Further information in respect of the Designation By-law is available from the City of Toronto at:

http://app.toronto.ca/tmmis/viewAgendaltemHistory.do?item=2022.PH33.18

Dated at the City of Toronto on August 18, 2022.

John D. Elvidge City Clerk Authority: Planning and Housing Committee Item PH33.18, as adopted by City of Toronto

Council on May 11 and 12, 2022

CITY OF TORONTO

BY-LAW 943-2022

To designate the property at 1702 Queen Street East as being of cultural heritage value or interest.

Whereas the Ontario Heritage Act authorizes the Council of a municipality to enact By-laws to designate real property, including all buildings and structures thereon, to be of cultural heritage value or interest; and

Whereas authority was granted by Council to designate the property at 1702 Queen Street East as being of cultural heritage value or interest; and

Whereas the Council of the City of Toronto has caused to be served upon the owners of the lands and premises known as 1702 Queen Street East and upon the Ontario Heritage Trust, Notice of Intention to designate the property, and has caused the Notice of Intention to be posted on the City's website for a period of 30 days in accordance with Municipal Code Chapter 162, Notice, Public, Article II, § 162-4.1. Notice requirements under the Ontario Heritage Act; and

Whereas no notice of objection was served upon the Clerk of the municipality within the prescribed time under the Ontario Heritage Act; and

Whereas the reasons for designation are set out in Schedule A to this By-law;

The Council of the City of Toronto enacts:

- 1. The property at 1702 Queen Street East, more particularly described in Schedule B attached to this By-law, is designated as being of cultural heritage value or interest.
- 2. The City Solicitor is authorized to cause a copy of this By-law to be registered against the property described in Schedule B to this By-law in the proper Land Registry Office.
- 3. The City Clerk is authorized to cause a copy of this By-law to be served upon the owners of the property 1702 Queen Street East at and upon the Ontario Heritage Trust and to cause notice of this By-law to be posted on the City's website for a period of 30 days in accordance with Municipal Code Chapter 162, Notice, Public, Article II, § 162-4.1. Notice requirements under the Ontario Heritage Act.

Enacted and passed on July 22, 2022.

Frances Nunziata, Speaker John D. Elvidge, City Clerk

(Seal of the City)

SCHEDULE A

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE REASONS FOR DESIGNATION 1702 Queen Street East

Reasons for Designation

The property at 1702 Queen Street East is worthy of designation under Part IV, Section 29 of the Ontario Heritage Act for its cultural heritage value, and meets Ontario Regulation 9/06, the provincial criteria prescribed for municipal designation under all three categories of design and physical, historical and associative and contextual value.

Description

The property at 1702 Queen Street East is located on the northwest corner of Queen Street East and Kingston Road in the Woodbine Beach neighbourhood. It contains the Imperial Bank of Canada Building, a two-storey bank building on a raised basement with a one-storey wing at the southwest corner. The property was constructed in 1911-12 as a branch of the Imperial Bank of Canada according to the designs of the well-known Toronto architects Sharp & Brown. The property is ornamented with classical details. The property continued as a banking institution for much of the 20th century before becoming Murphy's Law Pub and Kitchen in 2001.

Statement of Cultural Heritage Value

Design and Physical Value

The Imperial Bank of Canada Building is valued for its design and physical value as a representative example of an early-20th century bank building with classical detailing. Applying classical details to bank edifices was popular throughout the early-to-mid twentieth century in Toronto. Elements of the classical style are seen in the buff brick cladding with an ashlar cut limestone base and limestone detailing throughout, in the principal (south) elevation in the flat-headed window openings throughout with stone sills and lintels in the first-storey, in the rowlock course brick work below the window sills in the second-storey and in the square columns and capitals in the central window, in the ornamental stone frieze and brick cornice that rest upon the second-storey windows, in the stone surrounds enshrining the first-storey windows and the staircase door in the one-storey portion at the side (west) end of the building, and in the ornamentation of the main entryway, which contains a stone surround with a pediment above and scrolled volutes.

Several of the classical details are carried through to the side (east) elevation, including the flat-headed windows with stone sills and rowlock course brick work below, the stone surrounds enshrining the first-storey windows with stone lintels, and the ornamental stone frieze and brick cornice that rest upon the second-storey windows. In the rear (north) elevation, the classical style is apparent in the brick quoining at the northeast corner. Similar to the side (east) elevation, some of the classical details present in the principal (south) elevation are carried through to the other side (west) elevation. There is a flat-headed window opening with a stone sill, the ornamental stone frieze and brick cornice that rests upon one of the second-storey windows is carried

through, and the lintel above the westernmost window in the principal (south) elevation is also carried through.

Historical and Associative Value

The property at 1702 Queen Street East is valued for its association with the architectural firm of Sharp & Brown. While working under the prolific Toronto firm of Darling & Pearson, the two entered into partnership in 1910, which lasted until 1919. While in partnership together, the two men designed six banks together including the Bank of Nova Scotia Building (1912) at 541 Queen Street East and the Bank of Nova Scotia Building (1913) at 79 Queen Street East. When Sharp opened a new office in 1919 with Herbert Horner, he continued to specialize in the design of classically inspired bank buildings.

Contextual Value

With its two-storey scale on a raised basement and one-storey wing at the southwest corner and its square form and massing, the property at 1702 Queen Street East is valued for supporting the historic character of the area. While the area has largely been redeveloped, the subject property is a rare surviving example of an early-20th century commercial building that was constructed on the north side of Queen Street East near Kingston Road to service new residents and visitors who were brought to the area by way of the Toronto Street Railway, which had their Woodbine Station located at the junction of Queen Street East and Kingston Road. Through its placement, setback, and orientation at the northwest corner of Queen Street East and Kingston Road where it is oriented to respond to and anchor its position at the junction of Queen Street East and Kingston Road, the Imperial Bank of Canada Building at 1702 Queen Street East is physically, functionally, visually and historically linked to its setting.

Heritage Attributes

Design or Physical Value

Attributes that contribute to the value of the property at 1702 Queen Street East being a representative example of an early-20th century bank building with classical detailing:

- The placement, setback, and orientation of the property anchoring the northwest corner of Queen Street East and Kingston Road
- The two-storey scale on a raised basement with a one-storey wing at the southwest corner and the square form and massing
- The materials including the buff brick cladding with an ashlar cut limestone base and limestone detailing throughout
- In the principal (south) elevation:
 - The flat-headed window openings throughout with stone sills and lintels in the first-storey

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- The rowlock course brick work below the window sills in the second-storey and in the square columns and capitals in the central window
- The ornamental stone frieze and brick cornice that rest upon the second-storey windows
- The one-storey wing at the southwest corner of the property, which is original
- The stone surrounds enshrining the first-storey windows and the staircase door in the one-storey portion at the side (west) end of the building
- The ornamentation of the main entryway, which contains a stone surround with a pediment above and scrolled volutes
- In the side (east) elevation:
 - The flat-headed windows with stone sills and rowlock course brick work below
 - The stone surrounds enshrining the first-storey windows with stone lintels
 - The ornamental stone frieze and brick cornice that rest upon the second-storey windows
- In the rear (north) elevation in the brick quoining at the northeast corner
- In the side (west) elevation:
 - The flat-headed window opening with a stone sill
 - The ornamental stone frieze and brick cornice that rests upon one of the secondstorey windows is carried through from the principal (south) elevation
 - The lintel that is carried through from the westernmost window in the principal (south) elevation

Contextual Value

Attributes that contribute to the value of the property as supporting the historic character of the area:

• The two-storey scale on a raised basement with a one-storey wing at the southwest corner and the square form and massing

Attributes that contribute to the value of the property as being physically, functionally, visually and historically linked to its setting where it is oriented to respond to and anchor its position at the junction of Queen Street East and Kingston Road:

 The placement, setback, and orientation anchoring the northwest corner of Queen Street East and Kingston Road

SCHEDULE B

LEGAL DESCRIPTION

PIN 21023-0240 (LT) LOT 1, REGISTERED PLAN 435E

City of Toronto and Province of Ontario Land Titles Division of the Toronto Registry Office (No. 66)