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J.R. CYR

CITY CLERK GREFFIER

III SUSSEX OTTAWA, ONTARIO KIN 5AI (613) 564-1387

CG 8050-1 7700-033/86 7700-035/86

July 8, 1987

REGISTERED

Professor S. F. Wise Chairman Ontario Heritage Foundation 77 Bloor Street West 7th Floor Toronto, Ontario M5S 1M2

Dear Professor Wise:

The Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa on the 3rd day of June, 1987, enacted By-laws Number 130-87 and 131-87 and thereby designated the properties known municipally as 321 King Edward Avenue and 263 O'Connor Street in the City of Ottawa pursuant to the Ontario Heritage Act, R.S.O. 1980, c. 337.

Enclosed herewith are certified copies of By-law 130-87 and 131-87 and the Notice of Designating By-law served according to the Act.

Yours truly,

d.R. Cyr City Clerk

/bc

IN THE MATTER OF the Ontario Heritage Act, R.S.O. 1980, c. 337;

AND IN THE MATTER OF the lands and premises known municipally as 321 King Edward Avenue (The Champagne Bath) and 263 O'Connor Street in the City of Ottawa, in the Province of Ontario.

NOTICE OF DESIGNATING BY-LAW

TAKE NOTICE that the Council of The Corporation of the City of Ottawa on the 3rd day of June 1987, enacted a) By-law Number 130-87 designating the lands and buildings known municipally as 321 King Edward (The Champagne Bath) and b) By-law 131-87 designating the lands and buildings known municipally as 263 O'Connor Street as properties of historic and architectural value or interest under the Ontario Heritage Act, R.S.O. 1980, c. 337.

STATEMENTS OF REASONS FOR THE DESIGNATIONS

321 King Edward Avenue

The Champagne Bath is recommended for designation as a serious work of architecture, a significant social document, and a distinctive element in the King Edward Avenue streetscape. It opened in May, 1924, and was built (starting in 1921) to the designs of W.E. Noffke (1878-1964), then and for many years Ottawa's leading architect. It has a free revivalist style typical of Noffke, revealing Prairie School influences in its horizontal articulation and encompassing roof, combined with Spanish Colonial motifs --- the red tile roof is a signature of Noffke's work in this phase of his career. It and the Plant Bath (a lesser work of architecture), both located in poor quarters of the city, are significant surviving built evidence of the social reform movement of the early 20th century; the idea that cities ought to provide public cultural and recreational facilities was still something of a novelty in the 1920's. The Champagne Bath, the Jewish Memorial Chapel, and Ottawa Hydro Substation No. 4, through their distinctive designs, are a useful landmark in an otherwise undistinguished stretch of King Edward Avenue; the loss of the Champagne Bath would greatly diminish this streetscape.

263 O'Connor Street

263 O'Connor is of historic importance because it was the home of two nationally significant Canadian figures - Edgar Dewdney and Rodolfe Lemieux.

The Hon. Edgar Dewdney (1835-1916) served as a Member of Parliament from the North West Territories; as its Lieutenant-Governor from 1881 to 1888; and then as Minister of the Interior and Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs in the government of Sir John A. Macdonald. He subsequently became Lieutenant-Governor of British Columbia. He is closely associated with the Dominion Government's policies in developing the Canadian West, and was a key figure in dealing with the North-West Rebellion of 1885.

The Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux (1866-1937), who lived at 263 O'Connor from 1908 to 1933, was a Member of Parliament, and occupied several portfolios in the Cabinet of Sir Wilfred Laurier. In 1922, Lemieux was made Speaker of the House of Commons, remaining there until 1930, when he was appointed to the Senate.

The building at 263 O'Connor Street is of architectural value because of its superb terra-cotta panels, which are richly detailed and among the finest surviving examples to be found in Ottawa. Panels such as this are "key indicators" of the Queen Anne, a domestic architectural style often used for upper middle class residences, which was popular in Canada from the late 1870's until after the turn of the century.

In its context and setting, the building forms an extension of the block of historic buildings along Somerset Street West.

Copies of these By-laws may be obtained at the Office of the City Clerk.

DATED at Ottawa this 8th day of July , 1987

J. R. CYR City Clerk A by-law of The Corporation of the City of Ottawa to designate 263 O'Connor Street to be of historic and architectural value or interest;

WHEREAS the Ontario Heritage Act, R.S.O. 1980, c. 337, authorizes the Council of a municipality to enact by-laws to designate real property, including all buildings and structures thereon, to be of historic and architectural value or interest;

AND WHEREAS the Council of The Corporation of the City of Ottawa has caused to be served upon the owners of the lands and premises known as 263 O'Connor Street more particularly described in Schedule "A" hereto, and upon the Ontario Heritage Foundation, notice of intention to so designate the aforesaid real property and has caused such notice of intention to be published in the Ottawa Citizen newspaper having a general circulation in the City of Ottawa, once a week for three consecutive weeks, namely on the 6th, 13th and 20th day of December, 1986;

AND WHEREAS no notice of objection to the said proposed designation was served upon the Clerk of the municipality;

 $\,$ AND WHEREAS the reasons for the designation are set out as Schedule "B" hereto;

THEREFORE the Council of The Corporation of the City of Ottawa enacts as follows:

- 1. There is designated as being of historic and architectural value or interest the real property more particularly described in Schedule "A" hereto, known as 263 O'Connor Street.
- 2. The City Solicitor is hereby authorized to cause a copy of this by-law to be registered against the property described in Schedule "A" hereto in the proper Land Registry Office.
- 3. The City Clerk is hereby authorized to cause a copy of this by-law to be served upon the owners of the property described in Schedule "A", and upon the Ontario Heritage Foundation, and to cause notice of this by-law to be published in a newspaper having a general circulation in the City of Ottawa.

4. The schedules attached hereto and marked Schedule "A" and Schedule "B" form part of this by-law and all notations, references and other information contained therein shall be as much a part of this by-law as if all the matters and information set forth by the said schedules were all fully described herein.

 $\,$ GIVEN under the corporate seal of the City of Ottawa this $\,$ 3rd $\,$ day of $\,$ June $\,$, 1987.

MAYOR

CERTIFIED A FRUE COPY

Deputy City Clerk

Schedule A

216/263 O'Connor Street

ALL AND SINGULAR that certain parcel or tract of land and premises, situate, lying and being in the City of Ottawa, in the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton, in the Province of Ontario and BEING COMPOSED OF part of Lots 1 and 2 on the east side of O'Connor Street, Registered Plan 15558, and which parts of said Lots are more particularly described as follows:-COMMENCING at the south west angle of the said Lot Two; THENCE Easterly following the Southerly limit of the said Lot Two, seventy-seven feet, nine inches; THENCE Northerly and parallel to the Westerly boundaries of said Lots One and Two, a distance of sixty-four feet more or less to the Southerly face of the verandah projection on the within lands and premises; THENCE Easterly and parallel to the Southerly boundary of the said Lot Number One a distance of One Foot, Eight Inches;

THENCE Northerly and parallel to the Westerly boundary of the said Lot Number One a distance of Twelve feet; THENCE Westerly and parallel to the Southerly boundary of the said Lot Number One a distance of One foot, Eight inches;

THENCE Northerly and parallel to the Westerly boundary of the said Lot Number One a distance of Thirty-four feet more or less to the Northerly boundary of the said Lot Number One;

THENCE Westerly and following the Northerly limit of the said Lot Number One, seventy-seven feet, nine inches more or less to the Westerly limit of the said Lot Number One; THENCE Southerly and following the Westerly limit of the said Lots Numbers One and Two, one hundred and ten feet more or less to the point of commencement.

The hereinbefore described parcel of land is that land described in Instrument No. NS124726.

SCHEDULE "B"

STATEMENT OF REASON FOR DESIGNATION

263 O'Connor is of historic importance because it was the home of two nationally significant Canadian figures - Edgar Dewdney and Rodolfe Lemieux.

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